BYLAWS

OF

MEADOW OAKS OWNERS ASSOCIATION

Meadow Oaks
Draft Amended and Restated Bylaws
Adopted _____

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BYLAWS OF

M.O. HOMEOWNERS ASSOCIATION,

A CALIFORNIA NON-PROFIT MUTUAL BENEFIT CORPORATION,

COMMONLY KNOWN AS THE MEADOW OAKS OWNERS ASSOCIATION

ARTICLE I NAME, LOCATION AND DEFINITIONS

<u>Section 1.01</u> Name and Location. The name of the corporation is M.O. Homeowners Association which shall hereinafter be referred to as The MEADOW OAKS OWNERS ASSOCIATION, hereinafter referred to as the "Association." The principal office of the Association shall be located in the County of Riverside, State of California.

Section 1.02 Association is Nonprofit. Association is incorporated as a California non-profit, mutual benefit corporation.

Section 1.03 Definitions. Unless otherwise specifically provided herein, the capitalized terms in these Bylaws shall have the same meanings as are given to such terms in the Declaration of Covenants, Conditions and Restrictions for MEADOW OAKS OWNERS ASSOCIATION recorded in the Official Records of Riverside County ("Declaration"), and as may be duly amended from time to time. All capitalized terms used herein but not defined herein shall have the same meaning as ascribed to such term in Declaration.

Section 1.04 Specific Purpose. The specific and primary purpose of the Association is to: (a) Hold title to the Common Area; and (b) Act as a management body solely for the preservation, maintenance, architectural control and improvement of the Residential Lots and Common Area which comprises Meadow Oaks Owners Association in Riverside County, California, and any additions thereto as may hereafter be brought within the jurisdiction of the Association pursuant to the Declaration which has been or will be executed, acknowledged and recorded in conjunction with the Property, including: (1) repair, maintain, and manage the Common Area within that certain common interest development located in the County of Riverside, State of California; (2) maintain and repair individual Lots to the extent and in the manner more particularly described in the Declaration; and (3) enforce the Rules and Regulations adopted by the Board of Directors, from time to time, and the terms and conditions of the Declaration; and (4) otherwise enhance and promote the use and enjoyment of the Common Areas by the Members.

ARTICLE II MEETINGS OF MEMBERS AND VOTING

Section 2.01 Voting Rights. The Association shall have one (1) class of voting membership. The Members shall be all Owners and shall be entitled to one (1) vote for each Lot owned. When more than one (1) person holds an interest in any Lot, all such persons shall be Members. The vote for such Lot shall be exercised as they among themselves determine, but in no event shall more than one (1) vote be cast with respect to any Lot. If more than one (1) vote is cast with respect to a Lot, the votes for said Lot will be nullified.

Section 2.02 Eligibility to Vote. Only Members in good standing shall be entitled to vote on any issue or matter presented to the Members for approval. The Association, through the Board, may suspend a Member's voting privileges pursuant to a duly noticed hearing to effectively prohibit Members who are not in good standing from voting. In order to be in "good standing", a Member must be current in the payment of all Assessments and other charges levied against the Member's Lot and not be subject to any disciplinary proceeding or otherwise in violation of the Governing Documents. A Member's good standing shall be determined as of the record date established in accordance with these Bylaws.

Section 2.03 Furnishing Evidence of Membership. To establish a person's status as a Member, the Board may require such person to advise the Secretary in writing that such person is qualified to be a Member under Article II, Section 2.02 above, or to provide the Secretary with evidence of such qualification in the form of a conformed copy of a grant deed showing that current title of the Lot is in the name of the Member, or a conformed copy of a first deed of trust currently encumbering the Lot and showing the mortgagor as the Member.

Section 2.04 Voting at Membership Meetings.

- (a) Voting at any membership meeting may be in person or by written Secret Ballot ("Secret Ballot") in accordance with California law. If later statute authorizes electronic voting, voting may be by electronic secret ballot. If electronic voting is authorized by law after adoption of these Bylaws, the within procedures may be supplemented by Election Rules to allow for such method of voting, and "electronic ballot" may be included in the definition of "written ballot" where applicable in these Bylaws.
- (b) An election within the Association regarding Assessments, selection or removal of Directors, amendments to the Governing Documents, or the granting of Exclusive Use Common Area shall be conducted by written Secret Ballot in accordance with Civil Code sections 5100-5145 or any amendment thereto.
- (c) The Association shall select an Inspector(s) of Election ("Inspector" or "Inspector of Election"), as set forth in Section 2.16 of these Bylaws.
- (d) In instances where the Members are required to vote on a matter and that matter is not of the kind described in <u>Section 2.04(b)</u> above, voting shall be completed at an annual meeting or special meeting, and subject to the following requirements:

Notice shall be delivered to Members and shall include all required information on the meeting, its purpose and the matter to be voted upon. Notice shall be delivered to Members by first-class mail, or such other method permitted by applicable Civil Code, at least ten (10) but not more than ninety (90) days prior to such meeting. Such notice shall set forth the proposed measure in which Members are requested to submit a vote. A ballot may be included with the notice. The ballot shall clearly state the proposed measure, the number of votes required to pass the measure, the manner in which voting shall be conducted, and allow Members an opportunity to approve or disapprove the proposed measure; and

Voting may be conducted by: (a) voice vote at the meeting, or (b) ballot. If later enacted statute authorizes electronic voting, voting may also be by that method. If voting is by ballot, Members shall be permitted to deliver their ballot at the meeting or prior to the meeting via U.S. Mail (and, in the Board's discretion, some other reasonable method, such as via hand delivery or facsimile).

(e) Member Action Without a Meeting.

Any action which may be taken by the vote of Members at a regular or special meeting may be taken without a meeting if the Association distributes a written ballot to every Member entitled to vote on the matter (or, if later statute authorizes it, electronic ballot). Such ballot shall set forth the proposed action, provide an opportunity to specify approval or disapproval of any proposal, and provide a reasonable time within which to return the ballot to the Association.

Approval by written ballot shall be valid only when the number of votes cast by ballot within the time period specified equals or exceeds the quorum required to be present at a meeting authorizing the action, and the number of approvals equals or exceeds the number of votes that would be required for approval at a meeting at which the total number of votes cast was the same as the number of votes cast by ballot.

All solicited ballots shall indicate the number of responses needed to meet the quorum requirement and shall state the percentage of approvals necessary to pass the measure submitted. The solicitation must specify the time by which the ballot must be received in order to be counted.

Section 2.05 Cumulative Voting. Cumulative voting shall not be permitted.

Section 2.06 Prohibition of Revocation of Ballot; Multiple Ballots Cast. Once submitted, a ballot may not be revoked. If more than one ballot is cast on behalf of a Member, and it cannot be determined which ballot was first cast, all ballots received shall be disregarded. Otherwise, the first ballot received shall be considered the ballot for that member, and all later ballots cast in that election for that membership will not be counted.

Section 2.07 Proxies. Proxies are not permitted, except for proxies solely for the purpose of establishing quorum. A Member shall be entitled to designate another Member to act as the Member's proxy at a meeting for the sole and limited purpose of establishing a quorum.

Section 2.08 Membership Meeting Quorum. At all meetings of the Members, at least fifty percent (50%) of the Association's voting power, present by advance written ballot, in person or by quorum-only proxy, shall constitute a Quorum and a majority of the voting power present, either in person or by quorum-only proxy, shall be sufficient for the passage of any motion or the adoption of any resolution except in connection with the amendment of the Declaration, these Bylaws, or the dissolution of the Association, as hereinafter set forth. However, if any Members are not eligible to vote by virtue of suspension of their voting privileges, the voting power and therefore the quorum shall also be reduced.

Section 2.09 Adjourned Meetings. In the absence of a quorum, a majority of those present in person or by quorum-only proxy may adjourn the meeting to another time but may not transact any other business. An adjournment for lack of a quorum by those in attendance shall be to a date not less than five (5) days and not more than thirty (30) days from the original meeting date. The quorum for such an adjourned meeting shall be twenty-five percent (25%) of the total voting power of the Association. However, if any Members are not eligible to vote by virtue of suspension of their voting privileges, this quorum requirement shall also be reduced appropriately. If a time and place for the adjourned meeting is not fixed at the original meeting, notice of the time and place of the adjourned meeting shall be given to Members in the manner prescribed for regular meetings.

- Section 2.10 Effect of a Member's Attendance at a Meeting. Attendance by a Member at a meeting shall also constitute a waiver of any objections such person may have with respect to notice of that meeting, except when the Member attends the meeting for the sole purpose of objecting at the beginning of the meeting to the transaction of any business because of the inadequacy or illegality of the notice. Attendance at a meeting is not a waiver of any right to object to the consideration of matters not included in the notice of the meeting that are required to be so noticed.
- Section 2.11 Place of Meetings of Members. Meetings of the Members shall be held on the Property or such other suitable place as is practicable, in Riverside County, and convenient to the Members, as may be designated by the Board of Directors.
- Section 2.12 Annual Meetings of Members. The annual meeting of Members shall be held once per year during the month of December or January of each year, or as soon thereafter as the Board may schedule the annual meeting. At each annual meeting there shall be elected Directors of the Association by ballot of the Members, in accordance with the requirements of Section 3.03 of these Bylaws. The Members may also transact such other business of the Association as may properly come before them. Each first Beneficiary of a deed of trust in the Property may designate a representative to attend all annual meetings of the Members, and if a first Beneficiary gives the Association notice of such designation, the Association shall give notice of annual meetings to the representative in the same manner described for Members in Section 2.14 herein.

Section 2.13 Special Meetings of Members.

- (a) It shall be the duty of the Board to call a special meeting of the Members, if directed by resolution of a majority of a quorum of the Board of Directors or by request of the President of the Association.
- (b) Upon receipt by the Secretary of a petition signed by Members (in good standing) representing at least five percent (5%) of the total voting power of the Association, the Board may notice a special meeting. The notice shall state that a special meeting of Members, pursuant to the request, will be held at a time fixed by the Board which shall be not less than ten (10) nor more than ninety (90) days after receipt by the officer of the written request.
- (c) Should the notice not be given within twenty (20) days after receipt by the officer of the request, the person or persons entitled to call the meeting who made the request may give notice of the meeting themselves or may petition the Superior Court of the State of California for the County of Riverside to summarily, after notice to the Association giving it an opportunity to be heard, order the giving of notice of the meeting. Where a petition is filed with the court, the court may issue such orders as may be appropriate including, without limitation, orders designating the time and place of the meeting, the record date for determining Members entitled to vote at the meeting and the form of the notice.
- (d) No business shall be transacted at a special meeting except as stated in the notice. Each first Beneficiary may designate a representative to attend all special meetings of the Members, and if a first Beneficiary gives the Association notice of such designation, the Association shall give notice of special meetings to the representative in the same manner described for Members in Section 2.14 herein.

Section 2.14 Notice of Membership Meetings.

- (a) It shall be the duty of the Secretary to send a notice of each annual or special meeting by first class mail (or by email if member has consented pursuant to Civil Code section 4040), at least ten (10) but not more than ninety (90) days prior to such meeting, stating the purpose thereof as well as the day, hour and place where it is to be held, to each Member of record, addressed to the Member's address last appearing on the books of the Association or supplied by such Member to the Association for the purpose of notice (provided, however, the foregoing shall not alter the requirements set forth in Section 2.04 above). The notice may set forth time limits for speakers and nominating procedures for the meeting. The notice shall specify those matters intended to be presented for action by the Members, but, except as otherwise provided by law, any proper matter may be presented at an annual meeting for action. The notice of any meeting at which Directors are to be elected shall include the names of all those who are nominees at the time the notice is given to the Members.
- (b) Notwithstanding any other provision of these Bylaws, approval by the Members of any of the following proposals, other than by unanimous approval of those Members entitled to vote, shall not be valid unless the general nature of the proposal was stated in the notice or in any written waiver of the notice:
 - (1) removing a Director without cause;
 - (2) filling vacancies on the Board under those circumstances where a vote of the Members is required;
 - (3) approving a contract or transaction between the Association and one or more Directors, or between the Association and any entity in which a Director has a material financial interest;
 - (4) amendment of the Association's Articles of Incorporation, these Bylaws or the Declaration;
 - (5) electing to wind up and dissolve the Association;
 - (6) changing the Association's assessments in a manner requiring Member approval under the Declaration; or
 - (7) voting upon any election to voluntarily terminate and dissolve the Association.

Section 2.15 Affidavit of Mailing Notice. An affidavit of the mailing of any notice of any Members' meeting may be executed by the Secretary or other designee of the Association, or any other party of the Association giving the notice, and if so executed shall be filed and maintained in the minute book of the Association.

Section 2.16 Inspectors of Election.

(a) In advance of any meeting of Members, the Board may appoint any person or persons as Inspectors of Election to act at such meeting and any adjournment thereof. If Inspectors of Election are not so appointed, or if any persons so appointed fail to appear or refuse to act, the chairperson of any meeting of Members may, and on the request of

any Member, shall appoint Inspectors of Election at the meeting. The number of Inspectors shall be either one (1) or three (3). If there are three (3) Inspectors of Election, the decision, act or certificate of a majority is effective in all respects as the decision, act or certificate of all.

- (b) The duties of such Inspectors shall be as prescribed by the Civil Code and Corporations Code, as may be amended from time to time, and shall include:
 - (1) determining the number of memberships outstanding and the voting power of each;
 - (2) determining the number represented at the meeting;
 - (3) determining the existence of a quorum;
 - (4) determining the authenticity, validity and effect of proxies;
 - (5) receiving votes, ballots or consents;
 - (6) hearing and determining all challenges and questions in any way arising in connection with the right to vote;
 - (7) counting and tabulating all votes or consents;
 - (8) determining when the polls are closed;
 - (9) determining the result; and
 - (10) doing such acts as may be proper to conduct the election or vote with fairness to all Members.
- (c) For the purposes of this Section, an independent third party includes, but is not limited to, a volunteer poll worker with the County registrar of voters, a licensee of the California Board of Accountancy, or a notary public. An independent third party may be a Member of the Association, but may not be a member of the Board of Directors, a candidate for the Board of Directors or related to a member of the Board of Directors or candidate for the Board of Directors. An independent third party may not be a person who is currently employed or under contract to the Association for any compensable services unless either: (i) expressly authorized by Rules of the Association adopted pursuant to the Civil Code, or (ii) the Inspector(s) of Election are elected by the Members of the Association, expressly authorized by Rules of the Association adopted pursuant to the Civil Code.
- (d) An Inspector of Election shall perform the Inspector's duties impartially, in good faith, to the best of Inspector's ability, and as expeditiously as is practical. Any report made by the Inspector or Inspectors of Election is prima facie evidence of the facts stated in the report.

Section 2.17 Consent of Absentees. The transactions of any meeting of Members, either annual or special, however called and noticed, shall be as valid as transactions transpiring at a meeting duly held after proper notice, if a quorum be present either in person or by proxy, and if, either before or after the meeting, each of the Members not present in person or by proxy, signs a written waiver of notice, a consent to the holding of such meeting, or an approval of the Minutes (as defined below) thereof. All such waivers, consents or approvals shall be filed with the corporate records or made a part of the Minutes of the Meeting.

Section 2.18 Minutes, Presumption of Notice. Minutes or a similar record of the proceedings of meetings of Members, when signed by the President or Secretary, shall be presumed to truthfully evidence the matters set forth therein ("Minutes" or "Minutes of the Meeting"). A recitation in the Minutes executed by the Secretary that notice of the meeting was properly given shall be prima facie evidence that such notice was given.

Section 2.19 Record Dates. The Board of Directors may fix a date in the future as a record date for the determination of the Members entitled to notice of any meeting of Members. The record date so fixed shall be neither less than ten (10) days nor more than ninety (90) days prior to the date of the meeting. If the Board does not fix a record date for notice to Members, the record date for notice shall be the close of business on the business day preceding the day on which notice is given. In addition, the Board of Directors may fix a date in the future as a record date for the determination of the Members entitled to vote at any meeting of Members. The record date so fixed shall be neither less than ten (10) days nor more than sixty (60) days prior to the date of the meeting. If the Board does not fix a record date for determining Members entitled to vote, Members on the day of the meeting who are otherwise eligible to vote are entitled to vote at the meeting.

Section 2.20 Liability of Members. No Member shall be personally liable for any of the debts, liabilities and/or obligations of the Association. Notwithstanding the foregoing, in the event a judgment is rendered against the Association above the limits of any applicable insurance proceeds and the Association is otherwise unable to satisfy such debt, the Members may be subject to a Special Assessment to satisfy the balance of the judgment not otherwise satisfied by such insurance policy.

ARTICLE III BOARD OF DIRECTORS; SELECTION TERM OF OFFICE; MEETINGS

Section 3.01 Candidate Nomination. Nomination for election to the Board of Directors shall be made by written submission to the Secretary or other designated person. members may nominate themselves or other candidates provided any other nominated candidate consents to the nomination. Such nominations shall be made at a time so as to permit the Secretary or other persons giving notice of such meeting to Members to include a list of such nominations in the notice.

Section 3.02 Number and Qualification. The Board of Directors will consist of five (5) Directors, each of whom must be a Member of the Association. No person, either in such person's capacity as a natural person or as a designated representative of an entity or artificial person, may be a candidate for the Board of Directors, or once elected, continue to serve as a member of the Board if that person:

(a) is not a Member in "good standing," as defined in Section 2.02 herein,

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- (b) is delinquent by more than sixty (60) days in payment of any Assessment, fee or fine,
- (c) is subject to other discipline by the Association for a continuing violation of the Governing Documents lasting more than sixty (60) days,
- (d) is engaged as an opponent in a legal proceeding against the Association,
- (e) resides with or has a joint ownership interest in a Lot with another Director,
- (f) has been removed as a Director of the Association by vote of the Members within the previous 2 years,
- (g) has been convicted of a felony, or
- (h) owns less than a one half (50%) interest in a Lot or Lots.

Section 3.03 Election and Term of Office.

- (a) The Board of Directors will be elected by vote of the general membership of the Association at an annual meeting of members called for that purpose and when elected shall serve for two-year terms, except as provided below.
- (b) Directors shall serve two-year terms, and terms shall be staggered so that two (2) directors will be elected in odd-numbered years, and three (3) directors elected in the even-numbered years.
- (c) Each Director shall hold office until Director's term has expired and a successor has been elected or until such Director's death, resignation, removal or judicial adjudication of mental incompetence, or other ineligibility under Section 3.02 of these Bylaws. There shall be no limits on the number of consecutive terms a Director may serve.
- (d) In the event of any tie for the last position, the tie shall be decided by a single coin flip. Among those tied, the candidate with the last name earlier in the alphabet shall be "heads" and the candidate with the last name later in the alphabet shall be "tails". A tie involving more than two (2) persons shall be resolved by a blind drawing of the candidates' names, in which the first name drawn shall be elected.
- Section 3.04 Compensation. Directors shall not receive any salary or compensation for their services as Directors; provided, however, that (1) nothing herein contained shall be construed to preclude any Director from serving the Association in some other capacity and receiving compensation therefor, and (2) any Director may be reimbursed for actual expenses incurred in the performance of such Director's duties and authorized by the Board, upon submission of valid receipts approved by the Board.
- Section 3.05 Vacancies. A vacancy or vacancies shall be deemed to exist in case of death, resignation, removal, or judicial adjudication of mental incompetence of any Director.
- (a) <u>Excessive Absences</u>. A vacancy may be deemed to exist in the case of the absence of a Director from three (3) consecutive regular meetings or a total of four (4) regular meetings in any calendar year without just cause.
- (b) <u>Disqualification</u>. A vacancy shall be deemed to exist in the case of a Director who is disqualified from service under Section 3.02. Such vacancy may upon motion be declared in an open Board meeting, stating the ground of disqualification under Section 3.02 or 3.05.

- (c) Other Vacancies. A vacancy shall be deemed to exist if the Members shall increase the authorized number of Directors, but shall fail at the meeting at which such increase is authorized, to elect the additional Director, or if the Members fail at any time to elect the full number of authorized Directors.
- (d) <u>Vacancies not Filled by Board</u>. The Members may at any time call a meeting to elect Directors to fill any vacancy not filled by the Directors, and may elect the additional Directors at the meeting at which an amendment by these Bylaws is voted increasing the number of Directors.
- (e) <u>Resignation</u>. Any Director may resign effective upon giving written notice to the President, the Secretary or the Board.
- Section 3.06 Removal of Directors. Any Director may be removed from the Board, with or without cause, by a majority of the total voting power for the Association represented at a duly held meeting in accordance with the provisions of the Corporations Code. For purposes of this section only, quorum shall be fifty-one percent (51%) of the entire membership of the Association. With respect to a special meeting to recall the members of the Board, if a quorum is not achieved, the measure shall be defeated and the Members shall not have the power to reconvene the meeting or allow additional time for additional ballots or members present to be counted.
- Section 3.07 Filling Vacancies. Vacancies in the Board of Directors caused by any reason other than the removal of a Director by a vote of the Members of the Association shall be filled by vote of the majority of the remaining Directors, even though the remaining Directors may constitute less than a quorum. Any vacancy caused by the removal of a Director by the Members shall be filled by the vote of the Members. Any vacancy not filled by the Directors may be filled by vote of the Members at the next annual meeting of the Members or at a special meeting of the Members called for such purpose. The term of office of each Director elected or appointed to fill a vacancy created by the resignation, death or removal of the Director's predecessor shall be the balance of the unserved term of such Director's predecessor.

Section 3.08 Regular Meetings of Board.

- (a) Open Meetings. Board meetings shall be open to all Members, except when the Board adjourns the meeting to executive session. The Board shall permit any Member to speak during a time designated as "open forum" at any Board meeting, except for meetings of the Board held in executive session. A reasonable time limit for Members to speak to the Board shall be established by the Board.
- (b) <u>Location of Meetings</u>. Regular meetings may be held at such time and place within the Property as shall be determined, from time to time, by a resolution adopted by a majority of a quorum of the Directors.
- (c) <u>Frequency</u>. Regular Board meetings shall be held no less frequently than quarterly.
- (d) <u>Notice to the Members</u>. Members shall be given notice of the time and place of a Board meeting, except for an emergency meeting, at least four (4) days prior to the Board meeting (provided, however, the foregoing shall not alter the requirements set forth in

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Section 2.04 above). However, if the Board meeting is solely to be in executive session, at least two (2) days advance notice shall be given. Notice shall be given by posting the notice in a prominent place or places within the Common Area and by mail to any Owner who had requested notification of Board meetings by mail, at the address requested by the Owner. Notice may also be given, by mail or delivery of the notice to each Lot in the Property or by electronic mail (if the Member has so authorized), newsletter, or similar means of communication. The notice shall contain the agenda for the meeting.

Special Meetings of Board.

- (a) Open Meetings. Special Board meetings are meetings which are not on the Association's regularly scheduled interval. Special Board meetings shall be open to all Members, except when the Board adjourns the meeting to executive session. The Board shall permit any Member to speak at any Special Board meeting in a time designated as "open forum", except for Special Board meetings held in executive session. A reasonable time limit for all Members to speak to the Board shall be established by the Board.
- (b) <u>Calling Special Board Meetings</u>. Special Board meetings for any purpose may be called at any time by the President, Vice President, Secretary or by any two (2) Directors ("Special Board meetings").
- (c) Notice to the Membership. Members shall be given notice of the time and place of a Special Board meeting, except for an "emergency meeting," at least four (4) days prior to the Special Board meeting. Notice shall be given by posting the notice in a prominent place or places within the Common Area and by mail to any Owner who had requested notification of Board meetings by mail, at the address requested by the Owner. Notice may also be given by mail or delivery of the notice to each Lot in the Property or by electronic mail (if the Member has so authorized), newsletter, or similar means of communication. The notice shall contain the agenda for the meeting.
- (d) Notice to the Board. Except for an emergency meeting, Special Board meetings shall be held upon four (4) days' notice by first-class mail or forty-eight (48) hours' notice delivered personally or by telephone, including a voice messaging system or other system or technology designed to record and communicate messages, telegraph, facsimile transmission, electronic mail, or other electronic means in accordance with Corporations Code Section 20. However, if the Board is meeting solely in closed executive session, two (2) days notification must be given, except if the meeting is an emergency meeting.
- (e) <u>Emergency Board Meetings</u>. An emergency Board meeting may be called by the President, or by any two (2) members of the Board other than the President, if there are circumstances that could not have been reasonably foreseen which require immediate attention and possible action by the Board, and which of necessity make it impracticable to provide notice as otherwise required by law.

Section 3.10 Waiver of Notice. Before, at, or after any meeting of the Board of Directors, any Director may, in writing, waive personal notice of such meeting and such waiver shall be deemed equivalent to the giving of such notice to such Director. Attendance by a Director at any meeting of the Board shall be a waiver by that Director of personal notice of the time and place thereof. If all the Directors are present at any meeting of the Board and notice is given to the Members as may be required under Article III, Section 3.08 or 3.09 hereof, no notice to Directors shall be required and any business may be transacted at such meeting. The transactions of any meeting of the Board, however called and noticed or wherever held, shall be as valid as though had at a meeting duly held after regular call and notice, if (1) a quorum be present, (2) either before or after the meeting, each of the Directors not present signs a written waiver of notice, a consent to holding such meeting, or an approval of the Minutes thereof and (3) notice is given to the Members as may be required under Article III, Section 3.08 or 3.09 hereof. All such waivers, consents and approvals shall be filed with the records of the Association or made a part of the Minutes of the meeting.

Section 3.11 Emergency Action Without Meeting. If the Board has consented in advance and in writing, the Board may decide emergency matters by electronic mail. Copies of the electronic mails will be attached to the next Board meeting minutes.

Section 3.12 Quorum and Adjournment. Except as otherwise expressly provided herein, at all meetings of the Board of Directors, a majority of the authorized number of Directors shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business, and the acts of the majority of the Directors present at a meeting at which a quorum is present shall be the acts of the Board of Directors. However, if there is a vacancy on the Board, the greater of two (2) or a majority of the authorized number of Directors less the number of vacant positions on the Board, shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business. If at any meeting of the Board of Directors, there is less than a quorum present, the majority of those present may adjourn the meeting to another time and place. If the meeting is adjourned for more than twenty-four (24) hours, notice of an adjournment to another time and place shall be given prior to the time of the adjourned meeting to the Directors who were not present at the time of the adjournment.

Section 3.13 Executive Session.

- (a) Any Member may attend Board meetings, except when the Board adjourns to "executive session" to consider:
 - (1) Litigation.
 - (2) Matters relating to the formation of contracts with third parties.
 - Member discipline or Reimbursement Assessments,
 - (4) Personnel matters.
 - (5) Assessment lien foreclosure votes,
 - (6) Discussion of a payment plan proposed by a delinquent Member, or to meet with a Member, upon the Member's request, regarding the Member's payment of assessments, as specified in the Civil Code, and

- (7) any other orders of business appropriate for executive session as set forth in the Civil Code or any successor statute, as amended from time to time.
- (b) Members shall be given at least two (2) days' notice of an executive session Board meeting.
- (c) Any matter discussed in executive session shall be generally noted in the minutes of the meeting immediately following the executive session that is open to the Members. In any matter relating to the discipline of a Member or Reimbursement Assessment, the Board shall meet in executive session if requested by the Member and the Member shall be entitled to attend only that portion of the executive session devoted to the Member's discipline.
- Section 3.14 Agenda Required. Except as described in Sections 3.14(a) through 3.14(c) below, the Board may not discuss or take action on any item at a nonemergency meeting unless the item was placed on the agenda included in the notice that was posted and distributed pursuant to the Civil Code. This restriction does not prohibit a Member who is not a member of the Board from speaking on issues not on the agenda. Before discussing any item pursuant to this Section, the Board shall openly identify the item to the Members in attendance at the meeting.
- (a) Notwithstanding anything stated herein, a member of the Board, a managing agent or other agent of the Board, or a member of the staff of the Board, may do any of the following: briefly respond to statements made or questions posed by a person speaking at a meeting; ask a question for clarification; make a brief announcement; or make a brief report on his or her own activities, whether in response to questions posed by a Member of the Association or based upon his or her own initiative.
- (b) Notwithstanding anything stated herein, the Board or a member of the Board, subject to rules or procedures of the Board, may do any of the following:
 - (1) provide a reference to, or provide other resources for factual information to, its managing agent or other agents or staff;
 - (2) request its managing agent or other agents or staff to report back to the Board at a subsequent meeting concerning any matter, or take action to direct its managing agent or other agents or staff to place a matter of business on a future agenda; or
 - (3) direct its managing agent or other agents or staff to perform administrative tasks that are necessary to carry out this Section.
- (c) Notwithstanding anything stated herein, the Board may take action on any item of business not appearing on the agenda posted and distributed pursuant to the Civil Code under any of the following conditions:

- (1) Upon a determination made by a majority of the Board members present at the meeting that an emergency situation exists. An emergency situation exists if there are circumstances that could not have been reasonably foreseen by the board, that require immediate attention and possible action by the Board, and that, of necessity, make it impracticable to provide notice.
- (2) Upon a determination made by the Board by a vote of two-thirds of the Members present at the meeting, or, if less than two-thirds of total membership of the Board is present at the meeting, by a unanimous vote of the members present, that there is a need to take immediate action and that the need for action came to the attention of the Board after the agenda was posted and distributed pursuant to the Civil Code and the Governing Documents.
- (3) The item appeared on an agenda that was posted and distributed pursuant to the Civil Code for a prior meeting of the Board that occurred not more than thirty (30) calendar days before the date that action is taken on the item and, at the prior meeting, action on the item was continued to the meeting at which the action is taken.

ARTICLE IV POWERS AND DUTIES OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Section 4.01 Powers and Duties. The Board of Directors has the powers and duties necessary for the administration of the affairs of the Association and may do all such acts and things as are not by law or by these Bylaws directed to be exercised and done exclusively by the Members.

Section 4.02 Powers of the Board. The powers of the Board shall include, but not be limited to:

- (a) The power and duty to select, appoint and remove all officers, agents and employees of the Association, to prescribe such powers and duties for them as may be consistent with law and the Governing Documents and to fix their compensation.
- (b) The power and duty to conduct, manage and control the affairs and business of the Association, and to make such Rules and Regulations therefor consistent with law, as the Board may deem necessary or advisable.
- (c) The power but not the duty to change the principal office for the transaction of the business of the Association from one location to another within Riverside County, as provided in Article I hereof; and to designate any place within said County for the holding of any annual or special meeting or meetings of Members consistent with the provisions of these Bylaws, and to adopt and use a corporate seal from time to time, as the Board, in its sole judgment, may deem best, provided that such seal shall at all times comply with the provisions of the law.
- (d) The power but not the duty to borrow money as may be needed in connection with the discharge by the Association of its duties.

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- (e) The power but not the duty to cause to be executed and delivered, in the Association's name, promissory notes, bonds, debentures, deeds of trust, mortgages, pledges, hypothecations or other evidences of debt and securities therefor.
- (f) The power and duty to fix and levy from time to time Regular Assessments, Special Assessments and any other Assessments and to enforce collection thereof, in accordance with the provisions of the Declaration.
- (g) The power and duty to enforce the provisions of the Declaration, these Bylaws, the Rules and Regulations, Design Guidelines and any agreements of the Association.
- (h) The power and duty to contract for and pay for insurance, in accordance with the provisions of the Declaration and/or statute.
- (i) The power and duty to contract for and pay for Common Area maintenance, and common utilities services, and for materials and supplies and other expenses relating to the Common Area, and relating to the Lots only to the extent not separately metered or charged, and to employ personnel necessary for the operation of the Property, including legal and accounting services, and to contract for and pay for Improvements on the Common Area.
- (j) The power and duty to contract for and pay for maintenance and repair of any Lot of a type normally the sole responsibility of the Owner of the Lot if such maintenance or repair is reasonably necessary in the discretion of the Board to protect the interests of Owners generally and if the Owner of the Lot has failed or refused to perform such maintenance or repair; provided however, that the Board may levy a Reimbursement Assessment for repayment of the cost of such maintenance or repair.
- (k) The power but not the duty to delegate its powers according to law, and, subject to the approval of the Members, to adopt these Bylaws.
- (I) The power but not the duty to grant or quitclaim easements, licenses or rights, of way in, on, or over the Common Area for purposes not inconsistent with the intended use of the Property as a planned development, in accordance with the Declaration.
- (m) The power but not the duty to employ a managing agent or other persons and contract with independent contractors or managing agents to perform all or any part of the duties and responsibility of the Association, except for the responsibility to hold hearings or cause to be filed legal actions, provided that any contract with a firm or person appointed as a manager or managing agent shall not exceed a one (1) year term, shall provide for the right of the Association to terminate the same for cause on thirty (30) days written notice or less, or without cause or payment of a termination fee on ninety (90) days written notice or less.
- (n) The power but not the duty to contract for goods and/or services for the Common Area(s), for the Lots, or for the Association, subject to limitations set forth in the Declaration or elsewhere herein.
- (o) The power but not the duty to designate such advisory and other committees as the Board shall desire, and to establish the purposes and powers of each such committee created. The Board resolution designating and establishing the committee shall provide for the appointment of its members, as well as a chairperson, shall state the purposes of

the committee, and shall provide for reports, the term of each committee member, and other administrative matters, all as deemed appropriate by the Board.

- (p) The power but not the duty to authorize the Association to pay expenses incurred by, or to satisfy a judgment or fine levied against the Association, any present or former Director, officer, employee or agent of the Association to the extent and under the circumstances provided in the Declaration.
- Section 4.03 Limitations on Board Power. Without the approval of a majority of the voting power of the Association, the Board shall not be permitted to:
- (a) Sell during any fiscal year, property of the Association having an aggregate fair market value greater than five percent (5%) of the estimated Common Expenses of the Association for that fiscal year;
- (b) Enter into a contract with a third person wherein the third person will furnish goods or services for the Common Area or the Association for a term longer than one year with the following exceptions:
 - (1) A management contract, the terms of which have been approved by the Federal Housing Administration or Veterans Administration.
 - (2) A Contract with a public utility company if the rates charged for the materials or services are regulated by the Public Utilities Commission provided, however, that the term of the contract shall not exceed the shortest term for which the supplier will contract at the regulated rate.
 - (3) Prepaid casualty and/or liability insurance policies of not to exceed three (3) years duration, provided that the policy permits for short rate cancellation by the insured.
 - (4) Agreements for cable television services and equipment, satellite television services and equipment, or internet services and equipment of not to exceed five (5) years duration, provided that the supplier is not an entity in which any Member has a direct or indirect ownership interest of ten percent (10%) or more.
 - (5) Agreements for sale or lease of security, burglar alarm or fire alarm equipment, installation and services of not to exceed five (5) years duration, provided that the supplier or suppliers are not entities in which any Member has a direct or indirect ownership interest of ten percent (10%) or more.
 - (6) Such other contracts which may from time to time be permitted by the regulations of the Real Estate Commissioner of the State of California.

- (7) Receive compensation for services rendered as an officer or director. Directors and officers shall not receive Assessment credit in return for such service, which also is prohibited. However, directors and officers may be reimbursed for expenses actually and reasonably incurred in the course of their service to the Association.
- (8) Contract with a Member or relative, spouse or domestic partner or business associate of a Member.

Section 4.04 Duties of the Board. It shall be the duty of the Board of Directors to:

- (a) Perform the maintenance described in the Declaration;
- (b) Maintain insurance as required by the Declaration;
- (c) Discharge by payment, if necessary, any lien against the Common Area and assess the cost of such lien to the Member or Members responsible for the existence of the lien (after notice and hearing as required by these Bylaws, the Declaration and/or state statute);
- (d) Fix, levy, collect and enforce payments of assessments as set forth in the Declaration;
- (e) Pay all expenses and obligations incurred by the Association in the conduct of its business including, without limitation, all licenses, taxes, or governmental charges levied or imposed against the property of the Association;
- (f) Cause to be kept a complete record of all its acts and business affairs and to keep adequate and correct books and records of account, minutes of proceedings of its Members, Board and committees, and a record of its members giving their names and addresses; and,
- (g) Supervise all officers, agents and employees of the Association, and to see that their duties are properly performed.
- Section 4.05 Discipline and Reimbursement Assessments Process. Prior to imposing any discipline against a Member or imposing a Reimbursement Assessment, the Board shall follow the below stated process:
- (a) The accused Owner shall be given notice and an opportunity to be heard with respect to the alleged violation in accordance with the provisions of Section 7341 of the Corporations Code and Civil Code Section 5855, or any successor statute.
 - (1) Prior to imposing or considering any discipline against a member, the Board shall notify the Member in writing, by personal delivery, first-class mail, or other means permitted by law, at least ten (10) days prior to the hearing.

- (2) The written notification shall contain at least the date, time and place of the meeting, the nature of the alleged violation or common area damage alleged, and a statement that the Member has a right to attend and may address the Board at the meeting.
- (3) The Board shall meet in executive session if requested by the Member being disciplined.
- (4) If the Board imposes discipline on a Member or determines that a Member shall reimburse the Association for negligent damage to common area, the Board shall provide the Member a written notification of the disciplinary action, by either personal delivery, first-class mail, or other means permitted by law, within fifteen (15) days of the action.
- (5) It is the intention of this Section to comply with Section 7341 of the Corporations Code and Civil Code Section 5850 or any successor statute. Accordingly, this section shall comply with the aforementioned statutes, and the statutes shall control in the event of a conflict.

ARTICLE V OFFICERS

Section 5.01 Designation. The principal Officers of the Association shall be a President, a Vice President, a Secretary, and a Treasurer, all of whom shall be elected by the Board of Directors. The Board of Directors may appoint an Assistant Treasurer, and an Assistant Secretary, and such other Officers as in their judgment may be necessary (each an, "Officer"). Any person may hold two (2) or more offices, except that neither the Secretary nor the Treasurer may serve concurrently as President.

Section 5.02 Election of Officers. The Officers of the Association shall be elected annually by the Board of Directors at an organizational meeting after each Annual Membership Meeting, and each Officer shall hold office at the pleasure of the Board of Directors, until such Officer shall resign or be removed or otherwise disqualified to serve or a successor shall be elected and qualified to serve.

Section 5.03 Removal of Officers. Upon an affirmative vote of a majority of the entire Board of Directors, any Officer may be removed, either with or without cause. Any Officer may resign at any time by giving written notice to the Board or to the President or Secretary of the Association. Any such resignation shall take effect at the date of receipt of such notice or at any later time specified therein; and unless otherwise specified in said notice, acceptance of such resignation by the Board shall not be necessary to make it effective.

Section 5.04 Filling of Vacancies. A vacancy in any office because of death, resignation, removal, disqualification, or any other cause shall be filled by the Board at any regular meeting of the Board of Directors, or at any special meeting of the Board called for such purpose. The period of time for any office filled in this manner shall be for the unexpired term of the Officer replaced.

Section 5.05 Compensation. No Officer shall receive any compensation for services performed in the conduct of the Association's business, provided that (1) nothing herein contained shall be construed to preclude any officer from serving the Association in some other capacity and receiving compensation therefor, and (2) any Officer may be reimbursed for the Officer's actual documented and authorized expenses incurred in the performance of such Officer's duties.

Section 5.06 President. The President shall be the chief executive officer of the Association. The President shall preside at all meetings of the Association and of the Board of Directors. The President shall have all of the general powers and duties which are usually vested in the office of the President of a non-profit mutual benefit corporation, including but not limited to the power to appoint committees from among the Members from time to time as the President may in the President's discretion decide is appropriate to assist in conducting the affairs of the Association. The President shall be an ex officio member of all standing committees, shall have such other powers and duties as may be prescribed by the Board of Directors or these Bylaws of the Association.

Section 5.07 Vice President. In the absence or disability of the President, the Vice President shall perform all the duties of the President and when so acting shall have all the powers of, and be subject to all the restrictions upon, the President. The Vice President shall have such other powers and perform such other duties as from time to time may be prescribed by the Board or the Bylaws. If neither the President nor the Vice President is able to act, the Board of Directors may appoint some other member of the Board to do so, on an interim basis.

Secretary. The Secretary shall keep the Minutes of all meetings of the Board of Directors and the Minutes of all meetings of the Association at the principal office of the Association or at such other place as the Board of Directors may order. The Secretary shall keep the seal of the Association, if any, in safe custody and shall have charge of such books and papers as the Board of Directors may direct; and the Secretary shall, in general, perform all of the duties incident to the office of Secretary. The Secretary shall give, or cause to be given, notices of meetings of the Members of the Association and of the Board of Directors required by these Bylaws or by law to be given. The Secretary shall maintain a record book of Members, listing the names, mailing addresses and telephone numbers of Members, as furnished to the Association. Termination or transfer of ownership by any Member shall be recorded in the Membership Register by the Secretary, together with the date of the transfer, in accordance with the provisions of the Declaration. Such Membership Register shall be changed only at such time as satisfactory evidence of a change in ownership of a Lot is presented to the Secretary. The Secretary shall perform such other duties as may be prescribed by the Board of Directors or these Bylaws.

Section 5.09 Treasurer. The Treasurer shall be the chief financial officer of the association and shall have responsibility for association funds and securities for keeping, or causing to be kept, full and accurate accounts, tax records and business transactions of the association, including accounts of all assets, liabilities, receipts and disbursements in books belonging to the association. The Treasurer shall be responsible for the deposit of all monies and other valuable effects in the name, and to the credit, of the association in such depositories as may from time to time be designated by the board of directors. The Treasurer shall disburse the funds of the association as may be ordered by the board of directors, in accordance with the declaration, shall render to the president and directors, upon request, an account of all of such Treasurer's transactions as Treasurer and of the financial conditions of the association, and shall have such other powers and perform such other duties as may be prescribed by the board of directors or these bylaws.

Subordinate Officers and Committees. The Board may appoint such subordinate officers and committees as it deems desirable from time to time. Such subordinate officers and committee members shall have the duties that the Board may from time to time prescribe, including the right to act in the place and stead of other Officers, other than the President, as the Board may designate.

ARTICLE VI AMENDMENTS TO BYLAWS

These Bylaws may be amended by the Association by the vote taken by secret written ballot of Members representing at least a majority of a quorum of the Members; provided that the votes in favor of the proposed amendment must be at least two thirds (2/3) of the votes cast in order for the amendment to be approved.

ARTICLE VII CONFLICTING PROVISIONS; SUCCESSOR STATUTES

In case any of these Bylaws conflict with any provisions of the laws of the State of California, such conflicting Bylaws shall be null and void but all other Bylaws shall remain in full force and effect. In case of any conflict between the Articles of Incorporation and these Bylaws, the Articles of Incorporation shall control; and in the case of any conflict between the Declaration and these Bylaws, the Declaration shall control. Any references herein to a Federal or State statute shall be deemed to refer to any later enactment, renumbering or recodification of the provisions of said statute.

ARTICLE VIII FINANCIAL REQUIREMENTS

Section 8.01 Reserve Study. In accordance with the Civil Code, as the same may be amended from time to time, at least once every three (3) years the Board shall cause to be conducted a reasonably competent and diligent visual inspection of the accessible areas of the major components that the Association is obligated to repair, replace, restore or maintain as part of a study of the reserve account requirements of the Property to be conducted, if the current replacement value of said major components is equal to or greater than one-half (1/2) of the gross budget of the Association, excluding the Association's reserve account for that period. The Board shall review this study annually and shall consider and implement necessary adjustments to the Board's analysis of the reserve account requirements as a result of that review. The study required by this Section shall, at a minimum, contain the information required by Civil Code, as the same may be amended from time to time.

Expenditure of Reserve Funds. The Board shall not expend Section 8.02 funds designated as reserve funds for any purpose other than the repair, restoration, replacement, or maintenance of, or litigation involving the repair, restoration, replacement, or maintenance of, major components which the Association is obligated to repair, restore, replace, or maintain and for which the reserve fund was established. However, the Board may authorize the temporary transfer of money from a reserve fund to the Association's general operating fund to meet short-term cash-flow requirements or other expenses, if the Board has provided notice of the intent to consider the transfer in a notice of meeting, which shall be provided as specified in the Civil Code, as the same may be amended from time to time. The notice shall include the reasons the transfer is needed, some options for repayment, and whether a special assessment may be considered. If the Board authorizes the transfer, the Board shall issue a written finding recorded in the Board's minutes, explaining the reason the transfer is needed and describing when and how the money will be repaid to the reserve fund. The transferred funds shall be restored to the reserve fund within one (1) year of the date of the initial transfer, except that the Board may, after giving the same notice required for considering a transfer, and, upon making a finding supported by documentation that a temporary delay would be in the best interests of the Association, temporarily delay the restoration. The Board shall exercise prudent fiscal management in maintaining the integrity of the reserve account, and shall, if necessary, levy a special assessment to recover the full amount of the expended funds within the time limits required by this Section. This special assessment is subject to the limitation imposed by the Association's governing documents and the Civil Code, or any successor statute. The Board may, at its discretion, extend the date the payment on the special assessment is due. Any extension shall not prevent the board from pursuing any legal remedy to enforce the collection of an unpaid special assessment.

Section 8.03 Withdrawal of Funds. The Board shall not authorize the withdrawal of any funds from the Association's account(s), including the Association's reserve accounts, unless at least two (2) members of the Board of Directors execute the document or check authorizing such withdrawal. A Manager shall not be authorized to execute any document(s) or check(s) authorizing a withdrawal of funds from the Association's reserve account(s).

Section 8.04 Checks, Drafts and Documents. All checks, drafts, orders for payment of money, notes and other evidences of indebtedness issued in the name of or payable to the Association shall be signed or endorsed in the manner and by the person or persons as the Board shall determine by resolution. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the President shall sign all leases, mortgages, deeds and other written instruments and shall sign all promissory notes in which the Association is a party.

Section 8.05 Operating Account. There shall be established and maintained a cash deposit account to be known as the "operating account" into which shall be deposited the operating portion of all regular assessments and special assessments as fixed and determined for all Members. Disbursements from such account shall be for the general need of the operation of Association including, but not limited to, wages, repairs, payment of vendors, betterments, maintenance, and other operating expenses of the Property.

ARTICLE IX MISCELLANEOUS

Section 9.01 Execution of Documents. The Board of Directors may authorize any Officer or Officers, agent or agents, to enter into any contract or execute any instrument in the name and on behalf of the Association, and such authority may be general or confined to specific instances. Unless so authorized by the Board of Directors, no Officer, agent, committee member or employee shall have any power or authority to bind the Association by any contract or engagement or to pledge its credit or to render it liable for any purpose or in any amount.

Section 9.02 Fiscal Year. The fiscal year of the Association shall be the calendar year, but is subject to change from time to time as the Board of Directors shall determine.

Section 9.03 Methods of Delivery of Documents. Any document, communication or notice of any kind permitted or required by the Governing Documents, or required to be delivered by the Davis-Stirling Common Interest Development Act shall be delivered by any one of the following methods:

- (a) Personal delivery.
- (b) First-class mail, postage prepaid, addressed to a Member at the address last shown on the books of the Association or otherwise provided by the Member. Delivery is deemed to be complete on deposit into the United States mail.
- (c) E-mail, facsimile, or other electronic means, if the recipient has agreed to that method of delivery. If a document is delivered by electronic means, delivery is complete at the time of transmission.
- (d) By publication in a periodical that is circulated primarily to Members of the Association.
- (e) If the Association broadcasts television programming for the purpose of distributing information on Association business to its Members, by inclusion in the programming.
- (f) Any other method of delivery, provided that the recipient has agreed to that method of delivery.

A document may be included in or delivered with a billing statement, newsletter, or other document that is delivered by one of the above methods.

Section 9.04 Robert's Rules of Order. In the event of a question or dispute concerning the procedural aspects of any meetings which cannot be resolved by reference to these Bylaws or applicable law, the matter shall be resolved by reference to Robert's Rules of Order or such other recognized system of parliamentary procedures as may be adopted by the Board.

-END-

CERTIFICATE OF SECRETARY

OF

MEADOW OAKS OWNERS ASSOCIATION

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